<u>Bard Limited Crawley Pension Scheme ("the Scheme")</u> <u>Statement of Investment Principles</u>

Investment Objective

The Trustee aims to invest the assets of the Scheme prudently to ensure that the benefits promised to members are provided.

STRATEGY

In setting the investment strategy, the Trustee first considered the lowest risk asset allocation that they could adopt in relation to the Scheme's liabilities. The asset allocation strategy they have selected is designed to achieve a higher return than the lowest risk strategy, while maintaining a prudent approach to meeting the Scheme's liabilities. The overall strategy has been agreed with the Sponsoring Employer.

The assets of the Scheme are all held with BlackRock; 60% of the assets are invested in return seeking growth assets and 40% in fixed income assets and index linked bonds.

Asset Class	Benchmark Index	Target Weighting %
GROWTH:		60.0
Equities		50.0
UK Equities	FTSE All-Share TR Index	16.7
US Equities	FTSE United States in GBP	10.8
Europe (ex-UK) Equities	FTSE All World Developed Europe	10.8
	ex-UK Net of Tax GBP	
Japanese Equities	FTSE All World Japan Net of Tax	4.6
	GBP	
Pacific Rim (ex Japan) Equities	FTSE All World Developed Asia	4.6
	Pacific Ex Japan Net of Tax GBP	
Emerging Market Equities	S&P IFCI Emerging Markets	2.5
	Composite Ex Malaysia Index in	
	GBP	
Diversified Growth Fund	3 Month Sterling LIBOR (Daily	10.0
	Average)	
MATCHING:		40.0
Over 5 Years Index-linked Gilts	FTSE Actuaries UK Index-linked	12.0
	Gilts Over 5 years Index	
Over 25 Years Index-linked Gilts	FTSE UK Gilts Index-Linked Over	13.0
	25 Years Index	
Over 15 years Corporate Bonds	iBoxx Sterling Non-Gilts 15+ years	15.0
	Index	
TOTAL		100.0

The strategic benchmark for the Scheme is shown below:

Assets within the portfolio will be allowed to deviate from their target weightings by +/- 2% before any automatic rebalancing takes within the portfolio.

Although it is not intended that cash will form part of the long term strategic benchmark of the Scheme, it will hold cash balances both to meet short term cash outflows and on a tactical basis pending investment into other asset classes. The Scheme's cash holdings are invested in the Trustee bank account. In the normal course of events, cash balances up to a maximum of 5% of total Scheme assets may be held. If circumstances arise in which holding a higher percentage of the Scheme's assets in cash is deemed appropriate, the Trustee will obtain written advice from their investment adviser and consult with the sponsoring employer before breaching the 5% limit.

When choosing the Scheme's planned asset allocation strategy, the Trustee considered advice from their investment adviser and, in doing so, addressed the following:

- The need to consider a full range of asset classes.
- The risks and rewards of a range of alternative asset allocation strategies.
- The suitability of each asset class.
- The need for appropriate diversification.

In considering these issues, the Trustee took into account the fact that the size of the Scheme's assets meant that it would not be practicable to invest in some asset categories. In addition, the Trustee consulted with the Sponsoring Employer, Bard Limited, when setting this strategy.

<u>RISK</u>

The Trustee maintains a 'Statement of Funding Principles' which specifies that the funding objective is to have sufficient assets so as to make provision for 100% of the Scheme's liabilities as determined by an actuarial calculation.

The Trustee recognises that the key risk to the Scheme is that it has insufficient assets to make provisions for 100% of its liabilities ("funding risk"). The Trustee has identified a number of risks which have the potential to cause deterioration in the Scheme's funding level and therefore contribute to funding risk. These are as follows:

- The risk of a significant difference in the sensitivity of asset and liability values to changes in financial and demographic factors ("mismatching risk").
- The risk of a shortfall of liquid assets relative to the Scheme's immediate liabilities ("cash flow risk"). The Trustee and its advisers will manage the Scheme's cash flows taking into account the timing of future payments in order to minimise the probability that this occurs.
- The failure by the fund manager to achieve the rate of investment return assumed by the Trustee ("manager risk"). This risk is considered by the Trustee and its advisers both upon the initial appointment of the fund manager and on an ongoing basis thereafter. The bond and equity assets of the Scheme are managed on an indextracking basis which reduces the risk of substantial underperformance relative to the benchmark indices.
- The failure to spread investment risk ("risk of lack of diversification"). The Trustee and its advisers considered this risk when setting the Scheme's investment strategy.
- The possibility of failure of the Scheme's Sponsoring Employer ("covenant risk"). The Trustee and its advisers considered this risk when setting investment strategy and consulted with the Sponsoring Employer as to the suitability of the proposed strategy.
- The risk of fraud, poor advice or acts of negligence ("operational risk"). The Trustee has sought to minimise such risk by ensuring that all advisers and third-party service providers are suitably qualified and experienced, and that suitable liability and compensation clauses are included in all contracts for professional services received.
- The risk of the extent to which ESG factors are not appropriately reflected in asset prices and/or not considered in investment decision making processes, leading to underperformance relative to targets.
- The risk of the extent to which climate change causes a material deterioration in asset values as a consequence of factors, including but not limited to policy change, physical impacts and the expected transition to a low-carbon economy.

Due to the complex and interrelated nature of these risks, the Trustee considers the majority of these risks in a qualitative rather than quantitative manner. Some of these risks may also be modelled explicitly during the course of an investment review.

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The Trustee's policy is to monitor, where possible, these risks and to receive reports from time to time showing:

- Performance versus the Scheme's investment objective.
- Performance of individual asset classes versus their respective targets.
- Any significant issues with the fund manager that may impact its ability to meet the performance targets set by the Trustee.

IMPLEMENTATION

Aon has been selected as investment adviser to the Trustee. It operates under an agreement to provide a service which ensures the Trustee is fully briefed to take decisions itself and to monitor those it delegates. Aon is paid a fixed fee for regular work carried out for the Scheme and on a time cost basis for any other work they undertake for the Scheme although separate fixed fees may be negotiated by the Trustee for certain projects. This structure has been chosen to ensure that cost-effective, independent advice is received.

The fund manager structure and investment objective for BlackRock is as follows:

BlackRock

The objective of each Aquila Life fund is to achieve a return which is in line with that of each fund's benchmark (before taking account of fees). The objective of the Dynamic Diversified Growth Fund is to outperform the benchmark by 3.0% p.a. over rolling 3-year periods net of fees.

The Trustee has delegated all day-to-day decisions about the investments that fall within each mandate, including the realisation of investments, to the relevant fund manager through a written contract. When choosing investments, the Trustee and the fund managers (to the extent delegated) are required to have regard to the criteria for investment set out in the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005 (regulation 4). The managers' duties also include:

- Taking into account social, environmental or ethical considerations in the selection, retention and realisation of investments.
- Voting and corporate governance in relation to the Plan's assets including taking into account the Institutional Shareholders' Committee Statement of Principles on the Responsibilities of Institutional Shareholders and Agents.

GOVERNANCE

The Trustee is responsible for the investment of the Scheme's assets. It takes some decisions itself and delegates others. When deciding which decisions to take and which to delegate, the Trustee has taken into account whether it has the appropriate training and expert advice in order to take an informed decision. The Trustee has established the following decision making structure:

Trustee

- Monitor actual returns versus Scheme investment objective.
- Set structures and processes for carrying out their role.
- Select and monitor planned asset allocation strategy.
- Select direct investments (see below).

Investment Adviser

- Advise on all aspects of the investment of the Scheme assets, including implementation.
- Advise on this statement.
- Provide required training.

Fund Manager

- Operate within the terms of this statement and their written contract.
- Select individual investments with regard to their suitability and diversification.
- Comment on the suitability of the indices in its benchmark.

The Pensions Act 1995 distinguishes between investments where the management is delegated to a fund manager with a written contract and those where a product is purchased directly, eg the purchase of an insurance policy or units in a pooled vehicle. The latter are known as **direct investments**.

The agreement with BlackRock has been entered into by an Investment Management Agreement and therefore BlackRock is defined as a fund manager under the Act.

Environmental, Social and Governance

In setting the Scheme's investment strategy, the Trustee's primary concern is to act in the best financial interests of the Scheme and its beneficiaries, seeking the best return that is consistent with a prudent and appropriate level of risk. This includes the risk that environmental, social and governance factors, including climate change, negatively impact the value of investments held if not understood and evaluated properly. The Trustee considers this risk by taking advice from their investment adviser when setting the Scheme's asset allocation, when selecting managers and when monitoring their performance.

Stewardship - Voting and Engagement

As part of their delegated responsibilities, the Trustee expects the Scheme's investment managers to:

• Where appropriate, engage with investee companies with the aim to protect and enhance the value of assets; and

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• exercise the Trustee's voting rights in relation to the Scheme's assets.

The Trustee regularly reviews the continuing suitability of the appointed managers and takes advice from the investment adviser with regard to any changes. This advice includes consideration of broader stewardship matters and the exercise of voting rights by the appointed managers.

Members' Views and Non-Financial Factors

In setting and implementing the Scheme's investment strategy the Trustee does not explicitly take into account the views of Scheme members and beneficiaries in relation to ethical considerations, social and environmental impact, or present and future quality of life matters (defined as "non-financial factors"¹).

The direct investments that the Scheme has are as those used for members' additional voluntary contributions and are managed by the following managers

- Equitable Life
- Standard Life

The table below shows the funds held by members with Equitable Life and the objectives of the funds:

Fund	Fund Objective
Pelican	To achieve long-term capital growth by investing mainly in UK
	companies
Managed	To maximise the overall return from investments covering the UK
	and overseas equities, gilt-edged and fixed interest stock and
	property
Money Fund	To invest in short term deposit instruments and preserve capital
	(however in the persisting low interest rate environment this fund
	may produce negative returns once the annual management charge
	of the fund is taken into account)
Gilt and Fixed	1 1 5 1 6
Interest	by investing in gilt edged and other fixed interest investments
	including money on deposit
With-Profits	With-profits policies have a guaranteed benefit which is the
	minimum amount payable on maturity, death or at a time specified
	in the policy. The With-Profits Fund is invested almost entirely in
	fixed interest securities, so that investment income and maturity
	proceeds from the portfolio will be received when funds are
	expected to be needed to pay the guaranteed policy liabilities.

¹ The Pension Protection Fund (Pensionable Service) and Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment and Disclosure) (Amendment and Modification) Regulations 2018

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Conduct for Institutional Investment in the UK. The Trustee also complies with the requirements to maintain and take advice on the Statement and with the disclosure requirements.

The table below shows the funds held by members with Standard Life and the objectives of the funds:

Fund	Fund Objective
Overseas Equity	To provide long term growth by investing predominantly in the shares of companies listed on the Global (ex-UK) stock markets
UK Equity	To provide long term growth by investing in a diversified portfolio of UK equity assets. The fund invests predominantly in the shares of large and medium sized companies listed on the UK stock markets
FTSE Tracker	To track the performance of the FTSE All-Share Index (this fund invests primarily in the Vanguard FTSE U.K. All Share Index Unit Trust Fund)
Money Market	To maintain capital and provide returns in line with money market rates, before charges. To meet this aim, the fund invests in a portfolio of money market instruments and invests not only in bank and building society deposits but also in a variety of other money market instruments such as Certificates of Deposits, Floating Rate Notes including Asset Backed Securities where, when purchased, repayment is within 2 years
Managed	To provide long term growth whilst investing in a diversified portfolio of assets (including equities, bonds, property, cash deposits and money-market instruments) in order to reduce the risk associated with being solely invested in any one asset class. These assets can be from both the UK and overseas. The fund is predominantly equity-based (with a bias to the UK).
Ethical	To provide long term growth by investing in a diversified portfolio of assets (including equities and corporate bonds) that meet strict ethical criteria. The fund's assets can be from both the UK and overseas and are predominantly equity based. The ethical criteria are agreed with Standard Life's ethical committee and may be amended from time to time if considered appropriate. The fund manager will exclude companies which fail to meet the ethical criteria whilst seeking to include companies whose business activities are regarded as making a positive contribution to society.
Mixed Bond	To provide long term growth mainly from the re-investment of income generated by investing predominantly in UK bonds such as gilts and corporate bonds. The fund manager may also invest a proportion of assets in other bonds (e.g. overseas bonds) and/or money market instruments, such as Certificates of Deposits and Floating Rate Notes
At Retirement Multi Asset Universal	To help make sure that, at a member's retirement date, the investments are appropriate if the member has decided to adopt drawdown or has not decided how to take their

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retirement income. It is used as part of a lifestyle profile.
Standard Life state that it is not suitable as a standalone fund,
or if members are building their own portfolio from their full
fund range.
The fund aims to meet its goal by investing in a range of
different investments, including but not limited to, bonds
equities, commercial property and cash. These investments
can be from around the world and may be exposed to foreign
currency.
To reduce the effect of changes in long term interest rates on
the value of annuity that can be purchased. It invests
predominantly in bonds whose prices are normally expected
to rise and fall broadly in line with the cost of purchasing an
annuity
To achieve a high level of income, together with capital
growth. The fund intends to invest primarily in UK
companies, with the balance invested internationally. In
pursuing this objective, the fund managers may include
investments that they consider appropriate which include
transferable securities, unlisted securities, money market
instruments, warrants, collective investment schemes,
deposits and other permitted investments and transactions.
This fund invests primarily in the Invesco Perpetual High
Income Fund.

The Standard Life arrangements also offer access to a lifestyle strategy that targets cash at retirement.

The Trustee's policy is to review its direct investments and to obtain written advice about them at regular intervals. When deciding whether or not to make any new direct investments the Trustee will obtain written advice and consider whether future decisions about those investments should be delegated to the fund manager.

The written advice will consider the issues set out in the Occupational Pension Schemes (Investment) Regulations 2005 and the principles contained in this statement. The regulations require all investments to be considered by the Trustee (or, to the extent delegated, by the fund manager) against the following criteria:

The best interests of the members and beneficiaries Security Quality Liquidity Profitability Nature and duration of liabilities Tradability on regulated markets Diversification Use of derivatives

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The Trustee's investment adviser has the knowledge and experience required under the Pensions Act 1995.

BlackRock is remunerated on an ad valorem basis in which the fees are calculated according to the amount of assets under management. For equities and bonds the fee is 0.16% p.a. The fee for the BlackRock Dynamic Diversified Growth Fund is 0.65% p.a. In addition, BlackRock pays commissions to third parties on many trades it undertakes in the management of the assets and also incurs other ad hoc costs. The Trustee receives statements from BlackRock setting out these costs and reviews them from time to time to ensure that the costs incurred are commensurate with the goods and services received.

The Trustee will review this SIP at least every three years and immediately following any significant change in investment policy. The Trustee will take written investment advice and consult with the Sponsoring Employer, Bard Limited, over any changes to the SIP.

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